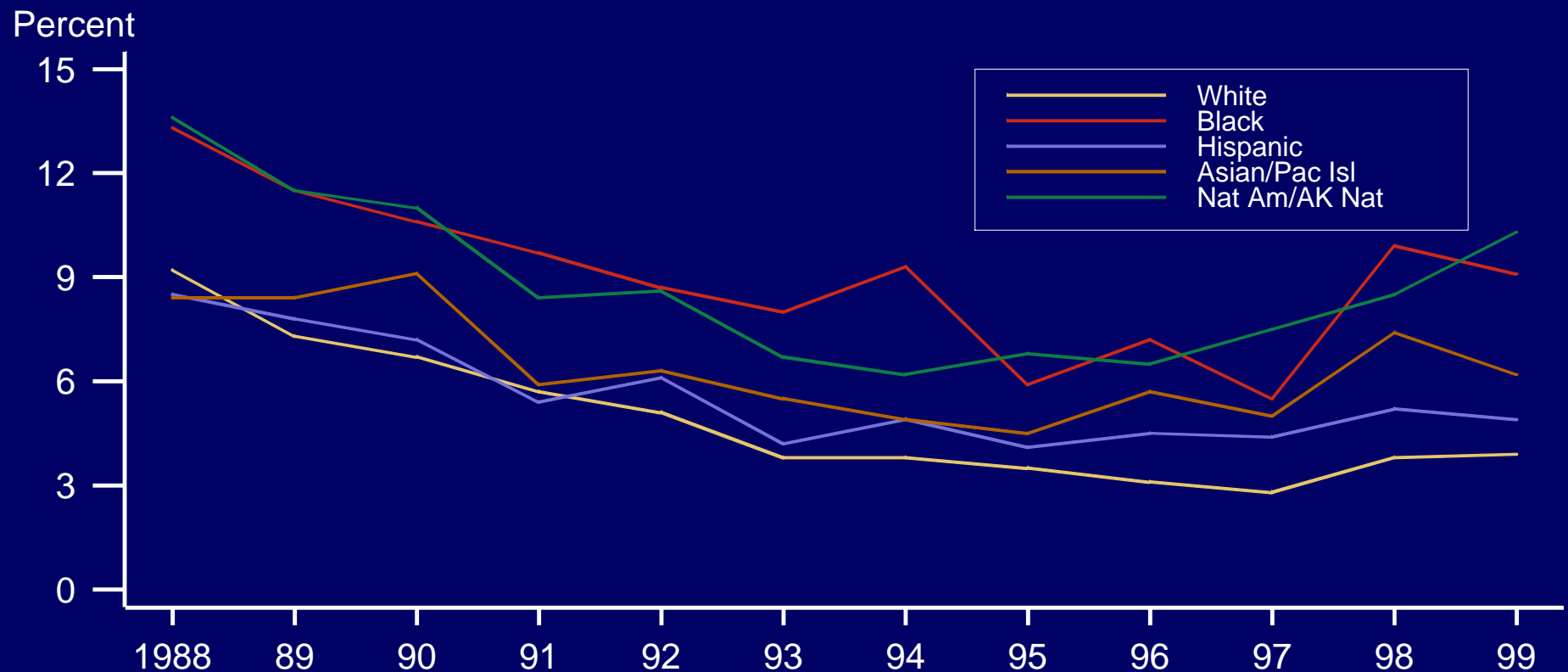


STDs in Racial and Ethnic Minorities

Sexually Transmitted Disease Surveillance 1999

Division of STD Prevention

Chlamydia — Positivity among women tested in family planning clinics by race and ethnicity: Region X, 1988–1999



Note: Women who met screening criteria were tested. Trends not adjusted for changes in laboratory test method in 1994 and 1999 and associated increases in test sensitivity.

SOURCE: Regional Infertility Prevention Program: Region X Chlamydia Project (Alaska, Idaho, Oregon and Washington)

Chlamydia — Positivity among 15-30 year old women tested in Indian Health Service Clinics by IHS regions, 1999

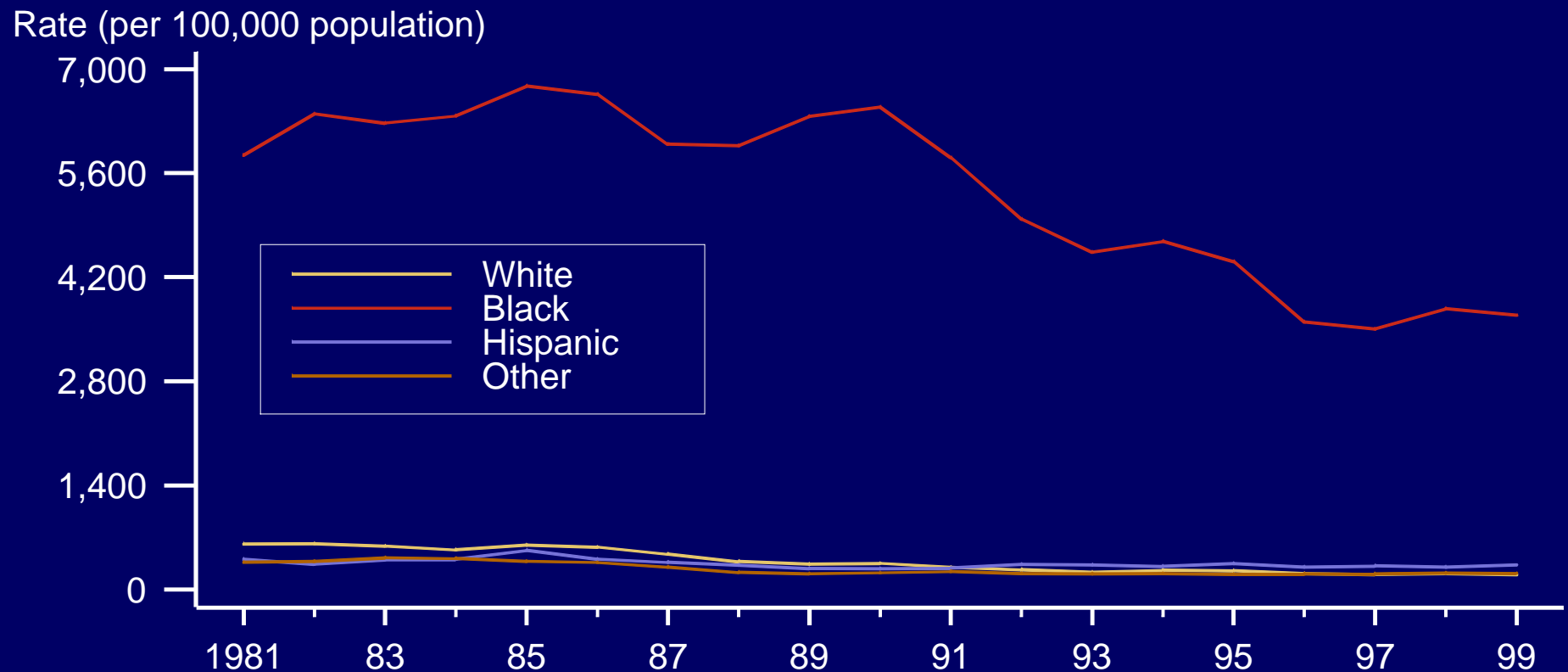


*IHS regions not reporting chlamydia positivity data during 1999.

Note: Albuquerque - chlamydia positivity data reported for April-December only.

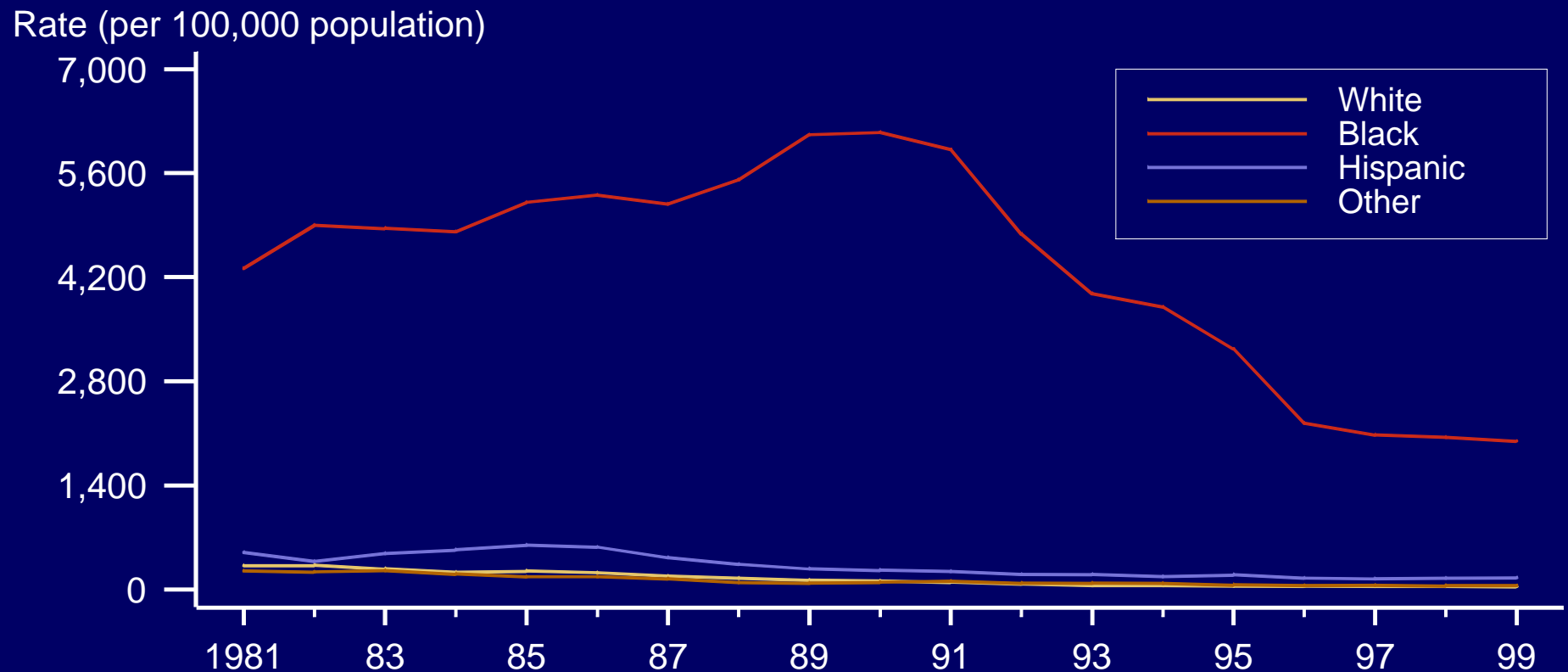
SOURCE: Indian Health Service

Gonorrhea — Reported rates for 15-19 year old females by race and ethnicity: United States, 1981–1999



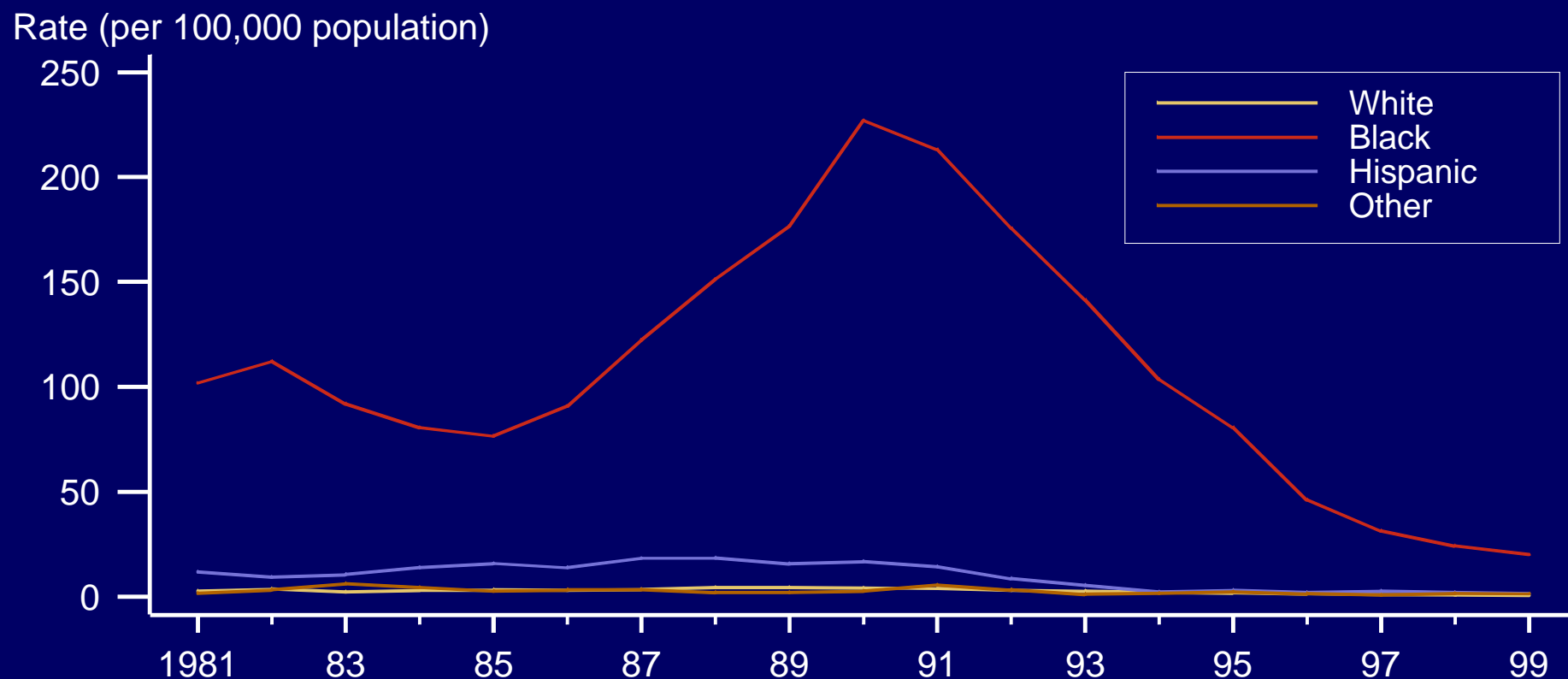
Note: Black, White, and Other are non-Hispanic.

Gonorrhea — Reported rates for 15-19 year old males by race and ethnicity: United States, 1981–1999



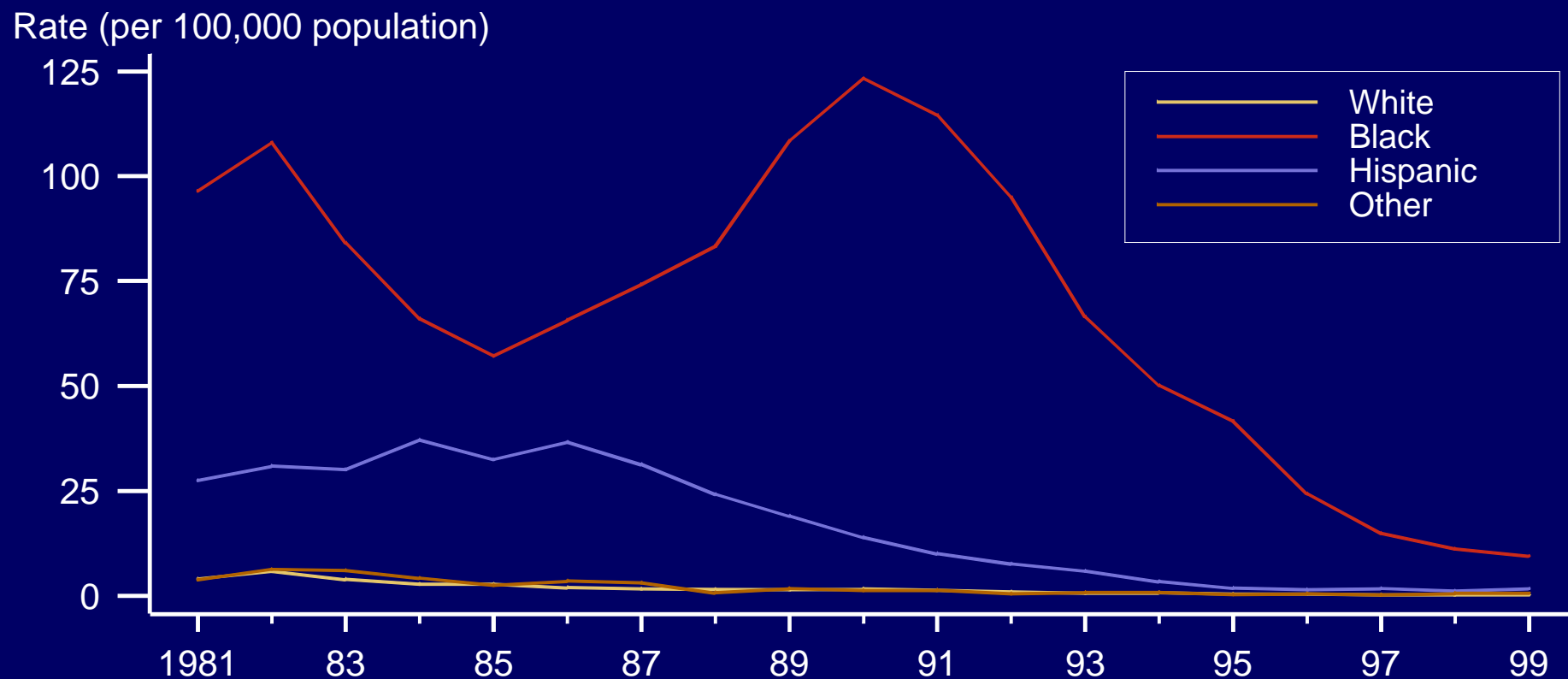
Note: Black, White, and Other are non-Hispanic.

Primary and secondary syphilis — Reported rates for 15-19 year old females by race and ethnicity: United States, 1981–1999



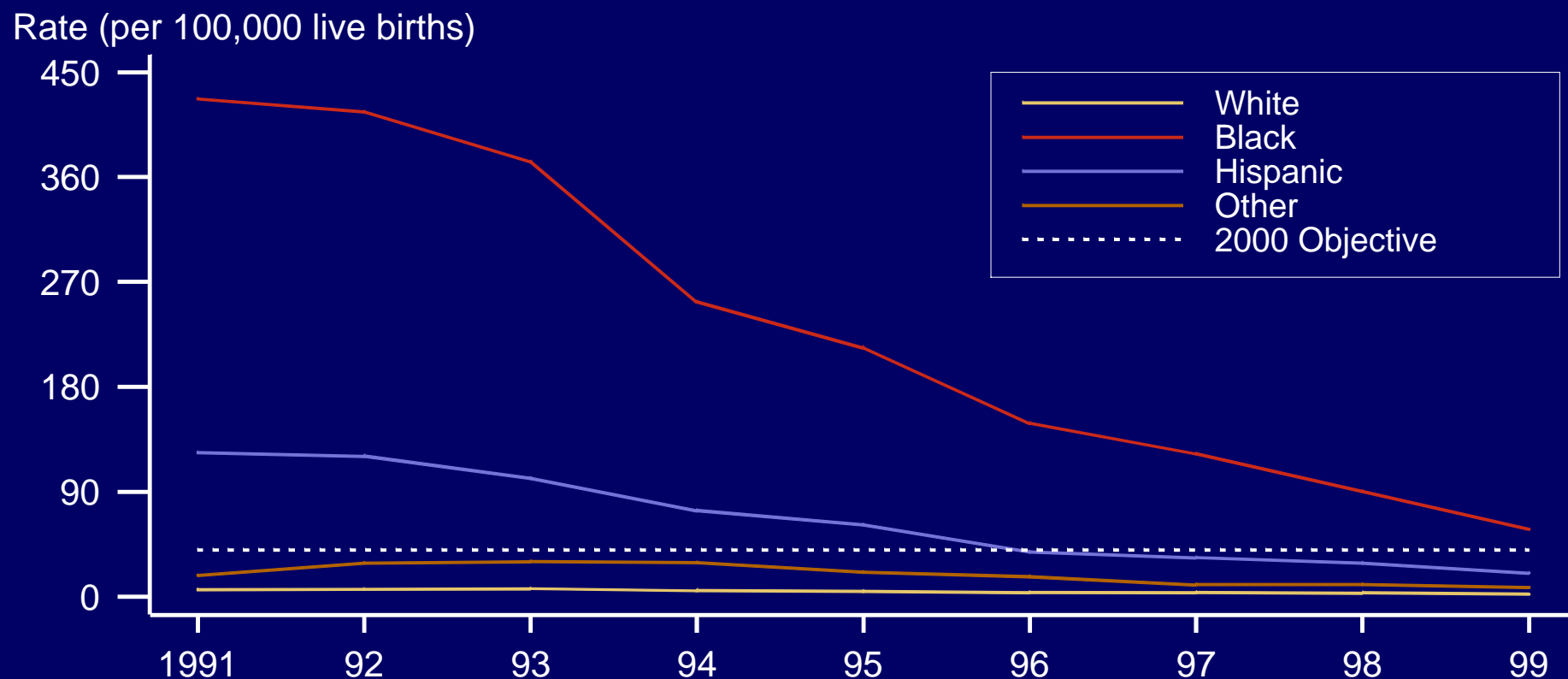
Note: Black, White, and Other are non-Hispanic.

Primary and secondary syphilis — Reported rates for 15-19 year old males by race and ethnicity: United States, 1981–1999



Note: Black, White, and Other are non-Hispanic.

Congenital syphilis — Rates for infants <1 year of age by mother's race and ethnicity: United States, 1991–1999



Note: Less than 5% of cases had missing race/ethnicity information and were excluded. Black, White, and Other are non-Hispanic.